### FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

**JUNE 30, 2008** 

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rock Springs Rock Springs, Wyoming

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rock Springs, Wyoming (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rock Springs, Wyoming as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2008 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 and budgetary comparison information on pages 41 through 45, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rock Springs' basic financial statements. The combining statements of nonmajor governmental funds and blended component units are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. In addition, the accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedule have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cheyenne, Wyoming October 21, 2008

Mc Dee, Hearne & Paix, LLP

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### INTRODUCTION

As management of the City of Rock Springs, Wyoming, we offer the readers of the city's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the city for the year ending June 30, 2008. When read in conjunction with the financial statements, this section's financial highlights, overview, and analysis should assist the reader in gaining a more complete knowledge of the city's financial performance.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets of the city exceed its liabilities at the close of June 30, 2008 by \$136,401,325 (reported as net assets). Of this amount, \$64,257,217 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the city's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Note that the total net assets figure includes capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

The city's total net assets increased by \$22,183,577. Of this increase, \$4,240,962 was related to the contribution of capital assets by outside parties to the city. Also, general revenue increased by \$2,278,380 from last year, with most of that increase coming from 6<sup>th</sup> cent specific purpose tax revenue. Net assets for governmental activities increased by \$14,158,463 or 18% while net assets for business-type activities increased by \$8,025,114 or 23%.

At the close of the year, the city's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,329,727, an increase of \$6,003,525 or 16% from the prior year. Of this amount, \$4,149,885 is available for spending at the city's discretion (unreserved, undesignated fund balance).

At the end of the year, the unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$3,967,001 or 12% of total general fund expenditures.

Total long-term debt had a net increase of \$1,526,153 (9%) from the prior year. This is primarily due to the issuance of \$940,421 in debt for the wastewater treatment plant expansion project, the issuance of \$248,013 in debt for the water meter replacement project, and the issuance of \$1,028,940 for the Gobel/O'Donnell water line.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the city's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The report also contains additional required supplementary information (budgetary schedules) and other supplementary information in addition the other basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the city's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business reporting.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the city's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the city's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the economic condition of the city is improving or deteriorating. In evaluating the government's economic condition, however, additional non-financial factors should be considered such as the city's economic outlook, changes in its demographics, and the condition of its infrastructure and other capital assets.

The statement of activities presents revenue and expense information showing how the city's net assets changed during the fiscal year. To understand the basis of how these numbers are determined, it is important to note that changes in net assets are reported whenever an event occurs that requires a revenue or expense to be recognized, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed (such as uncollected fees and expenses for goods purchased but not yet received).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the city that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues and taxes (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the city include: general government, public safety, public works and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include the water department, the wastewater department, and the housing authority.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts (revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets and liabilities) that is used to control resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The City of Rock Springs, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds utilized by the city can be divided into two categories, governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, for accounting and reporting purposes, government fund numbers are determined with a different approach. At the fund level, the focus is on changes in near-term spendable resources and the balance of resources available to spend at year-end, rather than the long-term focus used for determining government-wide numbers. Because the focus is so different between fund statements and government-wide statements, reconciliation between the two types is necessary to understand how the numbers differ. Such a reconciliation is provided on pages 15 and 17 of this report.

The General Fund is the primary operating governmental fund of the city. Two other governmental funds (Economic Development Loan Fund and Debt Service Fund) are reported: A summary of the two other funds (nonmajor funds) is combined into one nonmajor governmental funds column. To demonstrate legal compliance, a statement comparing budget-to actual numbers for the General Fund is included in the financial statements.

**Proprietary funds.** The city maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The city uses enterprise funds to account for the operation of the water and wastewater operations as well as the Rock Springs Housing Authority. Internal service funds are an accounting tool used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the city's functions. The city uses an internal service fund to account for its employee health insurance.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 22 of this report.

**Other information.** The budgetary comparison schedules, including related notes, are reported as required supplementary information, which begins on page 41. Also, individual fund statements and other supplementary information can be found starting on page 46 of this report.

### Government-wide financial analysis

**Net assets:** As stated earlier, an analysis of net assets is probably the most important financial measurement to assist with understanding the financial position of the city, and whether the financial position improves or deteriorates each year. The following table presents summary information from the government-wide statement of net assets.

City of Rock Springs Summary of Net Assets (expressed in millions)

	Governmental Business-Type		Governmental		Business-Type			
	Activ	rities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Current and other assets	53.09	44.03	26.56	22.30	79.65	66.33		
Capital assets	48.11	40.36	37.91	32.01	86.02	72.37		
Total assets	101.20	84.39	64.47	54.31	165.67	138.70		
Current liabilities	7.33	4.70	3.29	2.54	10.62	7.24		
Non-current liabilities	0.57	0.56	18.08	16.68	18.65	17.24		
Total liabilities	7.90	5.26	21.37	19.22	29.27	24.48		
Investment in capital								
assets, net of related debt	48.11	40.36	22.83	17.55	70.94	57.91		
Restricted	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.94	1.20	0.94		
Unrestricted	45.19	38.78	19.07	16.59	64.26	55.37		
Total net assets	93.30	79.14	43.10	35.08	136.40	114.22		

As depicted, at June 30, 2008, the city's assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$136.40 million (net assets). 52% of this amount is represented by the investment in capital assets. Due to the nature of these assets – long-term assets which are not readily convertible to liquid assets – they are not considered to be available for spending or appropriation.

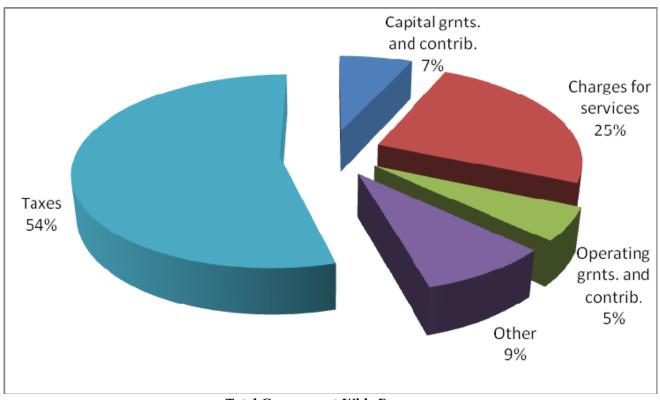
**Changes in Net Assets:** As taken from the government-wide statement of activities, the following table depicts the changes in net assets for 2008.

### City of Rock Springs Summary of Changes in Net Assets

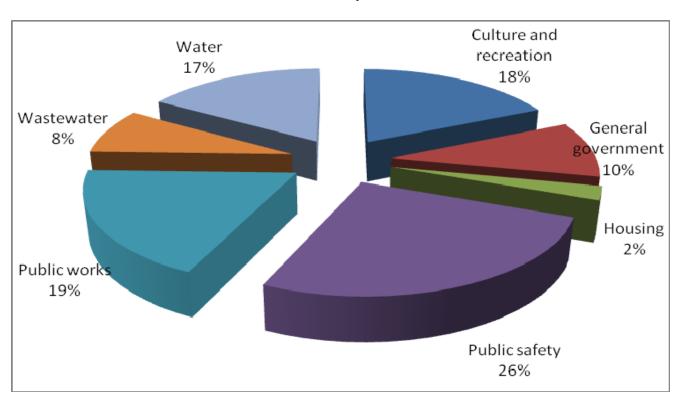
(expressed in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	3.06	2.83	12.31	10.80	15.37	13.63
Operating grants and contrib.	2.86	0.63	0.57	0.58	3.43	1.21
Capital grants and contrib.	3.61	4.66	0.63	1.20	4.24	5.86
General revenues:						
Sales and use tax	24.09	26.51	4.59	1.03	28.68	27.54
Mineral sever. & royalties tax	1.70	1.68	-	-	1.70	1.68
Property tax	1.92	1.61	-	ı	1.92	1.61
Franchise tax	0.64	0.63	-	-	0.64	0.63
Gas and special fuels tax	0.55	0.59	-	-	0.55	0.59
Other taxes	0.29	0.30	-	-	0.29	0.30
Supp. local govt. funding	2.01	1.33	-	-	2.01	1.33
Investment earnings	1.72	1.35	0.65	0.68	2.37	2.03
Miscellaneous	0.96	1.10	0.05	0.08	1.01	1.18
Transfers	-	0.03	-	-0.03	-	-
Total revenues	43.41	43.25	18.80	14.34	62.21	57.59
Expenses:						
General government	3.98	3.83	-	-	3.98	3.83
Public safety	10.42	9.94	-	1	10.42	9.94
Public works	7.51	6.96	-	1	7.51	6.96
Culture and recreation	7.34	6.99	-	1	7.34	6.99
Water	-	-	6.59	4.34	6.59	4.34
Wastewater	-	-	3.23	2.78	3.23	2.78
Housing	-	-	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.98
Total expenses	29.25	27.72	10.78	8.10	40.03	35.82
Change in net assets	14.16	15.53	8.02	6.24	22.18	21.77
Net assets, beg of year	79.14	63.61	35.08	28.84	114.22	92.45
Net assets, end of year	93.30	79.14	43.10	35.08	136.40	114.22

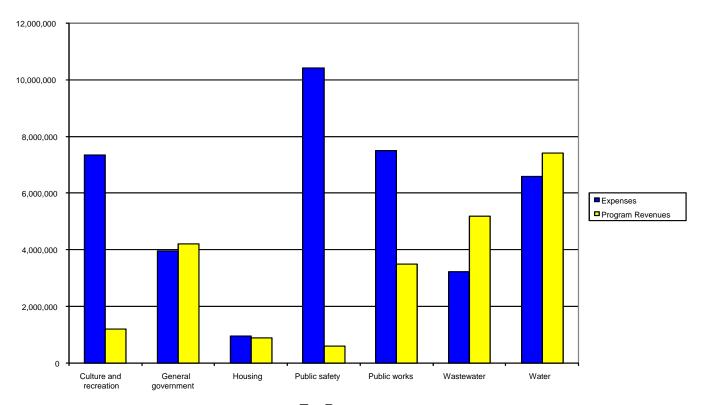
Total Government-Wide Revenues Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



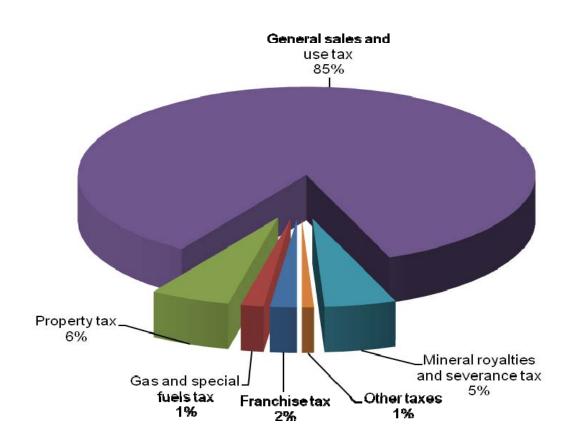
**Total Government-Wide Expenses Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008** 



### Expenses and Program Revenue Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



Tax Revenue Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



Governmental activities increased the city's net assets by \$14.16 million. The key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Sales and use tax revenue comprises approximately 56% of total governmental revenues. These taxes
  decreased by approximately \$2.42 million or 9% from the previous year. This was due to a slight decrease
  in economic activity. Capital contributions decreased by \$1.05 million or 23% due to fewer large scale
  subdivision developments in the city.
- Public Safety is the largest category of governmental expenses, representing 26% of the total. Culture and Recreation represents approximately 18% of governmental expenses while general government represents approximately 10% of governmental expenses. Public works represents approximately 19% of the governmental expenses. Total expenses for the year were \$1.53 million higher this year compared to the prior year. Much of this increase was due to an increase in non-capitalizable repair and maintenance expenses.

The business-type activities include the water, wastewater, and the housing authority funds. These activities increased net assets by \$8.02 million. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The wastewater fund charges for services increased by approximately 13% due to an increase in usage
  and more accurate meters. Water fund charges for services increased by approximately 15% from the
  prior year due to increased usage and more accurate meters. Operating grants of the housing authority
  fund increased slightly from the previous year.
- Total expenses for the year were \$2.67 million higher this year compared to the prior year. Much of this increase was due to an increase in the water function expenses, in particular expenses relating to the Joint Powers Water Board.

### Financial analysis of the city's funds

As noted earlier, the City of Rock Springs uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the city's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$44,329,727, in comparison with \$38,326,202, in ending fund balance in the prior year. \$4,149,885 of this amount is reported as unreserved, undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved or designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending. It has been committed to 1) paying contracts for goods and services to be provided at a later date and buying inventory (\$14,467,832), 2) purchasing capital assets in future periods (\$3,565,807), 3) being used in emergency or unusual situations that may arise causing need to exceed total appropriations (\$6,302,789), 4) paying compensated absences due to employees (\$1,012,750), and 5) funding expenditures budgeted for in prior years that, because of timing differences, will be incurred in future periods (\$14,830,664).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the city. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund totaled \$3,976,001 at year-end, with total fund balance equaling \$44,155,843. Unreserved, undesignated fund balance represents 12% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance equals 131% of total general fund expenditures.

Unrestricted net assets of the water fund and wastewater funds were \$4,746,561 and \$14,325,053, respectively. The increase in total net assets for the water fund and wastewater funds was \$936,225 and \$7,132,309, respectively. The water fund has restricted net assets of \$818,576 relating to assets held by the Joint Powers Water Board for water system repair expenses. Also, the water fund, by agreement, is required to give the Joint Powers Water Board any water related infrastructure assets constructed by the city. An expense of \$1,570,591 was incurred in the water fund relating to the transfer of title of assets from the city to the Joint Powers Water Board.

The restricted net assets balance for the housing authority was \$378,391, which was an increase of \$225,161 from the prior year.

The city's internal service fund had a net asset balance of \$2,585,843 at year-end which is an increase of \$589,703 from the prior year. Much of this can be attributed to lower insurance claims paid and a decrease in the actuarially determined claims liability.

### General Fund budgetary highlights

The differences between the original budget and the final amounts represent changes made by the council as additional facts and information became available. Several factors lead to these modifications. They include: economic factors, emergency purchases, and other factors.

For 2008, tax revenues exceed budgeted amounts by approximately \$3.00 million. At the beginning of the year, the budget was based on current economic conditions. Due to the activity in the local economy, sales tax revenues were \$2.19 million more than originally estimated. Licenses and permits exceeded the budget by approximately \$0.63 million. The primary reason for this difference is due to the increase in residential building permits.

For 2008, expenditures were under budget by approximately \$15.60 million. Most of this amount was due to projects budgeted but not completed in various departments. These projects will be completed in the subsequent budget year.

### Capital assets

At the end of the year, the city had invested over \$86 million in a variety of capital assets. The following schedules show the city's capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2008.

### City of Rock Springs Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

(expressed in millions)

	Governmental		Business-Type			
	Activ	vities .	Activ	Activities		otal
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Land	4.90	4.70	0.29	0.29	5.19	4.99
Construction in progress	7.32	1.28	6.37	16.16	13.69	17.44
Buildings/improvements	5.37	5.68	21.73	9.23	27.10	14.91
Systems improvements	1	-	3.21	0.66	3.21	0.66
Land improvements	1.57	1.46	0.08	0.09	1.65	1.55
Equipment	3.25	3.22	0.74	0.44	3.99	3.66
Infrastructure	25.70	24.02	5.49	5.14	31.19	29.16
Total	48.11	40.36	37.91	32.01	86.02	72.37

Major capital asset events during the year included:

- Construction on the wastewater treatment plant expansion was substantially completed; total cost (including capitalized interest) for 95% of the completed project was \$13,612,291.
- Construction finished on the automated water meter read project; total cost of the project (including capitalized interest) was \$2,734,940.
- Various infrastructure for subdivisions and other assets have been contributed to the city. Total contributed assets equaled \$4,240,962 for the fiscal year.

Please refer to note 4 for more information on capital assets.

### Long-term debt

At year-end, the city had debt outstanding of \$18,868,049. Debt consists of loans payable to the State of Wyoming and the Joint Powers Water Board for water and wastewater projects. Overall debt for the city increased by \$1,526,153, or 9% over the previous year.

Please refer to note 8 for more information on long-term debt.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, customers, investors, creditors and others with a general overview of the city's finances and to demonstrate the city's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Rock Springs, Lisa M. Tarufelli, Director of Administrative Services, 212 D Street, Rock Springs, WY 82901, telephone number (307) 352-1500.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

	G	Governmental		Business-Type		
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	46,528,890	\$	23,823,331	\$	70,352,221
Restricted cash		-		818,576		818,576
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts receivable		5,665		961,212		966,877
Taxes receivable		1,606,235		-		1,606,235
Accrued interest receivable		162,827		70,197		233,024
Special assessments receivable		10,476		5,701		16,177
Grants receivable		539,674		-		539,674
Internal balances		3,607		(3,607)		-
Due from other governmental entities		3,735,310		566,398		4,301,708
Inventories		486,589		297,737		784,326
Prepaid expenses		12,250		25,936		38,186
Total current assets		53,091,523		26,565,481		79,657,004
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets being depreciated, net		35,887,952		31,249,949		67,137,901
Capital assets not being depreciated		12,223,505		6,663,023		18,886,528
Total noncurrent assets		48,111,457		37,912,972		86,024,429
Total assets		101,202,980		64,478,453		165,681,433
		, ,		0 1, 11 0, 100		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		4,170,848		1,549,202		5,720,050
Customer and security deposits		142,736		142,352		285,088
Compensated absences		1,322,769		139,085		1,461,854
Deferred revenue		1,442,932		2,521		1,445,453
Due to other governmental entities		-		845,013		845,013
Retainage payable		253,870		614,067		867,937
Total current liabilities		7,333,155		3,292,240		10,625,395
Noncurrent liabilities						
Compensated absences		572,765		58,912		631,677
Due to other governmental entities		-		18,023,036		18,023,036
Total noncurrent liabilities		572,765		18,081,948		18,654,713
Total liabilities		7,905,920		21,374,188		29,280,108
NET ACCETC						
NET ASSETS		10 111 157		22 025 004		70 047 444
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		48,111,457		22,835,684		70,947,141
Restricted for:				040 570		040 570
Joint Powers Water Board		-		818,576		818,576
Housing Authority		-		378,391		378,391
Unrestricted Total net assets	Φ.	45,185,603	Ф	19,071,614	¢	64,257,217
TOTAL TION ASSERS		93,297,060	\$	43,104,265	\$	136,401,325

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Punctions/Programs   Penal			I	PROGRAM REVENU	ES	CHA	NGES IN NET ASSE	TS
Primary Governments			CHARGES	OPERATING	CAPITAL			
Primary Government:   Governmental activities:   General government   \$ 3,986,244 \$ 1,353,930 \$ 2,862,485 \$ \$ - \$ 230,171 \$ - \$ 230,171   Public safety   10,416,065 \$ 508,055 \$ - \$ 84,642 \$ (9,823,368) \$ - \$ (9,823,368)   Q,823,368   Q,823,368			FOR	<b>GRANTS AND</b>	<b>GRANTS AND</b>	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
Governmental activities:         \$ 3,986,244         \$ 1,553,930         \$ 2,862,485         \$ -         \$ 230,171         \$ -         \$ 230,171           Public safety         10,416,065         508,055         -         84,642         (9,823,368)         -         (9,823,368)           Public works         7,513,115         -         -         3,502,152         (4,010,963)         -         (4,010,967)           Culture and recreation         7,336,157         1,199,090         -         20,000         (6,117,067)         -         (6,117,067)           Total governmental activities:         29,251,581         3,061,075         2,862,485         3,606,794         (19,721,227)         -         (6,117,067)           Business-type activities:           Water         6,590,405         6,780,621         -         634,168         -         824,384         824,384           Wastewater         3,230,437         5,195,266         -         -         -         (52,033)         (52,033)           Total primary government         10,775,899         12,307,380         571,531         634,168         -         2,737,180         2,737,180           Taxes:         General revenue         24,087,523		EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
General government Public safety         3,986,244         1,353,930         2,862,485         -         \$230,171         -         \$230,171           Public safety         10,416,065         508,055         -         84,642         (9,823,368)         -         (9,823,368)           Culture and recreation Total governmental activities         7,533,157         1,199,090         -         20,000         (6,117,067)         -         (6,117,067)           Total governmental activities         29,251,581         3,061,075         2,862,485         3,606,794         (19,721,227)         -         (19,721,227)           Business-type activities:         6,590,405         6,780,621         -         634,168         -         824,384         824,384           Wastewater         3,230,437         5,195,266         -         -         -         -         (52,033)         (52,033)           Total business-type activities         10,775,899         13,1493         571,531         634,168         -         2,737,180         (16,984,047)           Total primary government         6eneral revenues         12,907,380         571,531         634,168         -         2,737,180         (16,984,047)           Total primary government         96,202,480         15,368,455	Primary Government:							_
Public safety Public safety Public works         10.416,065 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,055 508,050 5	Governmental activities:							
Public works         7,513,115         -         -         3,502,152         (4,010,963)         -         (4,010,963)           Culture and recreation         7,336,157         1,199,090         -         20,000         (6,117,067)         -         (6,117,067)           Total governmental activities         29,251,581         3,061,075         2,862,485         3,606,794         (19,721,227)         -         (19,721,227)           Business-type activities:           Water         6,590,405         6,780,621         -         634,168         -         824,384         824,384           Wastewater         3,230,437         5,195,266         -         -         -         -         (52,033)	General government	\$ 3,986,244	\$ 1,353,930	\$ 2,862,485	\$ -	\$ 230,171	\$ -	\$ 230,171
Culture and recreation         7,336,157         1,199,090         -         20,000         (6,117,067)         -         (6,117,067)           Total governmental activities         29,251,581         3,061,075         2,862,485         3,606,794         (19,721,227)         -         (19,721,227)           Business-type activities:         Water         6,590,405         6,780,621         -         634,168         -         824,384         824,384           Wastewater         3,230,437         5,195,266         -         -         -         -         1,964,829         1,964,829           Housing         955,057         331,493         571,531         -         -         -         2,737,180         2,737,180           Total primary government         10,775,899         12,307,380         571,531         634,168         -         2,737,180         2,737,180           General revenues           Taxes:           General sales and use tax         24,087,523         4,588,285         28,675,808           Mineral severance and royalties tax         1,699,481         -         1,699,481         -         1,699,481         -         1,699,481         -         1,699,481         -         1,699,481	Public safety	10,416,065	508,055	-	84,642	(9,823,368)	-	(9,823,368)
Description	Public works	7,513,115	-	-	3,502,152	(4,010,963)	-	(4,010,963)
Business-type activities:           Water Wastewater         6,590,405   6,780,621   - 634,168   - 1,964,829   1,96	Culture and recreation	7,336,157	1,199,090	-	20,000	(6,117,067)	-	(6,117,067)
Water Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Housing Housing Total business-type activities Total primary government         6,590,405	Total governmental activities	29,251,581	3,061,075	2,862,485	3,606,794	(19,721,227)	-	(19,721,227)
Water Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Wastewater Housing Housing Total business-type activities Total primary government         6,590,405	Business-type activities:							
Wastewater Housing         3,230,437         5,195,266         1-         1-         1,964,829         1,962,033         (52,033)         (52,037)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,984,047)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,91)         (16,994,81)         (16,994,81)<		6,590,405	6,780,621	-	634,168	-	824,384	824,384
Housing Total business-type activities Total primary government	Wastewater			-	, -	-		
Total business-type activities Total primary government    10,775,899   12,307,380   571,531   634,168   - 2,737,180   2,737,180   (16,984,047)	Housing			571,531	-	-		
Total primary government   \$40,027,480 \$15,368,455 \$3,434,016 \$4,240,962   (19,721,227)   2,737,180   (16,984,047)	Total business-type activities	10,775,899		571,531	634,168	-		
Taxes:         General sales and use tax       24,087,523       4,588,285       28,675,808         Mineral severance and royalties tax       1,699,481       -       1,699,481         Property tax       1,916,204       -       1,916,204         Franchise tax       641,314       -       641,314         Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748	Total primary government	\$ 40,027,480	\$ 15,368,455	\$ 3,434,016	\$ 4,240,962	(19,721,227)	2,737,180	(16,984,047)
General sales and use tax       24,087,523       4,588,285       28,675,808         Mineral severance and royalties tax       1,699,481       -       1,699,481         Property tax       1,916,204       -       1,916,204         Franchise tax       641,314       -       641,314         Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		General revenue	S					
Mineral severance and royalties tax       1,699,481       -       1,699,481         Property tax       1,916,204       -       1,916,204         Franchise tax       641,314       -       641,314         Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Taxes:						
Property tax       1,916,204       -       1,916,204         Franchise tax       641,314       -       641,314         Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		General sa	les and use tax			24,087,523	4,588,285	28,675,808
Franchise tax       641,314       -       641,314         Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Mineral sev	verance and roya	alties tax		1,699,481	-	1,699,481
Gas and special fuels tax       546,209       -       546,209         Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Property ta	ıx			1,916,204	-	1,916,204
Other       287,700       -       287,700         Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Franchise	tax			641,314	-	641,314
Supplemental local government funding       2,011,257       -       2,011,257         Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Gas and sp	pecial fuels tax			546,209	-	546,209
Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		•				287,700	-	287,700
Unrestricted investment earnings       1,725,710       647,219       2,372,929         Miscellaneous       964,292       52,430       1,016,722         Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Supplemental	local governmen	nt funding		2,011,257	-	2,011,257
Total general revenues       33,879,690       5,287,934       39,167,624         Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		• •	-	-		1,725,710	647,219	2,372,929
Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Miscellaneous	5			964,292	52,430	1,016,722
Change in net assets       14,158,463       8,025,114       22,183,577         Net assets - beginning       79,138,597       35,079,151       114,217,748		Total general	revenues					
Net assets - beginning 79,138,597 35,079,151 114,217,748		-				14,158,463	8,025,114	
		•						
		_	-					

**NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND** 

# GOVERNMENT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Governmental Governm		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$43,493,176	\$	173,884	\$	43,667,060	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts receivable	5,665		-		5,665	
Taxes receivable	1,606,235		-		1,606,235	
Accrued interest receivable	158,814		-		158,814	
Special assessments receivable	-		10,476		10,476	
Grants receivable	539,674		-		539,674	
Due from other funds	3,607		-		3,607	
Due from other governmental entities	3,735,310		-		3,735,310	
Inventories	486,589		-		486,589	
Prepaid expenses	12,250		-		12,250	
Total assets	\$50,041,320	\$	184,360	\$	50,225,680	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,890,848	\$	-	\$	3,890,848	
Customer and security deposits	142,736		-		142,736	
Deferred revenue	1,598,023		10,476		1,608,499	
Retainage payable	253,870		-		253,870	
Total liabilities	5,885,477		10,476		5,895,953	
Fund balances:						
Reserved	14,467,832		-		14,467,832	
Unreserved, designated	25,712,010		-		25,712,010	
Unreserved, undesignated						
General fund	3,976,001		-		3,976,001	
Special revenue fund	-		88,926		88,926	
Debt service fund	-		84,958		84,958	
Total fund balances	44,155,843		173,884		44,329,727	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$50,041,320	\$	184,360	\$	50,225,680	

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 44,329,727
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	48,111,457
Certain assets are not available to pay current expenditures, so they are deferred in the funds	165,567
Long term liabilities (compensated absences) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore not reported in the funds.	(1,895,534)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net assets because they primarily benefit	
governmental activities.	2,585,843
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 93,297,060

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			,
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 28,325,768	\$ 2,358	\$ 28,328,126
Licenses and permits	1,205,796	-	1,205,796
Inter-governmental revenue	5,723,482	-	5,723,482
Charges for services	1,364,439	-	1,364,439
Fines and forfeitures	490,840	-	490,840
Miscellaneous	968,883	-	968,883
Interest	1,639,067	1,120	1,640,187
Total revenues	39,718,275	3,478	39,721,753
Expenditures Current:     General government     Public safety     Public works     Culture and recreation Capital outlay     Total expenditures	3,740,775 10,212,470 5,379,257 6,494,681 7,891,045 33,718,228	- - - - -	3,740,775 10,212,470 5,379,257 6,494,681 7,891,045 33,718,228
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,000,047	3,478	6,003,525
Net change in fund balance	6,000,047	3,478	6,003,525
Fund balances, beginning	38,155,796	170,406	38,326,202
Fund balances, ending	\$ 44,155,843	\$ 173,884	\$ 44,329,727

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,003,525
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital purchases/capital contributions exceeded	
depreciation/loss on disposal during the current period.	7,750,710
The statement of activities reports an increase in revenue which is not reported in the fund because it does not provide current financial resources.	565
Long term liabilities (compensated absences) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore not reported in the funds. This is the current year change in the liability, reported as	
an expense in the statement of activities.	(186,040)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal	
service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 589,703
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 14,158,463

## PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2008

		Governmental Activities			
	Water	Wastewater	se Funds Housing		Internal Service
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Authority	Total	Fund
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 8,454,185	\$ 14,938,553	\$ 430,593	\$ 23,823,331	\$ 2,861,830
Restricted cash	818,576	-	-	818,576	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Accounts receivable	897,498	60,765	2,949	961,212	_
Accrued interest receivable	4,756	65,441	· -	70,197	4,013
Special assessments receivable	· -	5,701	-	5,701	· <u>-</u>
Due from other governmental entities	-	566,398	-	566,398	_
Inventories	200,902	95,103	1,732	297,737	-
Prepaid expenses	· -	-	25,936	25,936	_
Total current assets	10,375,917	15,731,961	461,210	26,569,088	2,865,843
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,411,700	31,581,179	2,920,093	37,912,972	-
Total assets	13,787,617	47,313,140	3,381,303	64,482,060	2,865,843
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	741,093	783,964	24,145	1,549,202	280,000
Customer and security deposits	85,113	27,479	29,760	142,352	-
Compensated absences	56,723	61,325	21,037	139,085	-
Due to other governmental entities	265,874	579,139	-	845,013	-
Retainage payable	98,852	515,215	-	614,067	-
Due to other funds	-	1,107	2,500	3,607	-
Deferred revenue		-	2,521	2,521	-
Total current liabilities	1,247,655	1,968,229	79,963	3,295,847	280,000
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	38,238	17,818	2,856	58,912	-
Due to other governmental entities	5,974,717	12,048,319	-	18,023,036	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,012,955	12,066,137	2,856	18,081,948	-
Total liabilities	7,260,610	14,034,366	82,819	21,377,795	280,000
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	961,870	18,953,721	2,920,093	22,835,684	-
Restricted for Joint Powers Water Board	818,576	-	-	818,576	-
Restricted for Housing Authority	-	-	378,391	378,391	-
Unrestricted	4,746,561	14,325,053	-	19,071,614	2,585,843
Total net assets	\$ 6,527,007	\$ 33,278,774	\$ 3,298,484	\$ 43,104,265	\$ 2,585,843

CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

, in the second of the second		Governmental Activities			
	Water	Wastewater	Housing		Internal Service
Operating revenues:	Fund	Fund	Authority	Total	Fund
Water charges	\$ 6,780,621	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,780,621	\$ -
Wastewater charges	-	5,195,266	-	5,195,266	-
Tenant rental revenue	-	-	317,309	317,309	-
Other tenant revenue	-	-	14,184	14,184	-
Insurance premiums and refunds	-	-	-	-	2,315,358
Total operating revenue	6,780,621	5,195,266	331,493	12,307,380	2,315,358
Operating expenses:					
Personnel	815,238	1,133,360	361,862	2,310,460	-
Water purchases	3,264,173	-	-	3,264,173	-
Utilities	160,773	324,479	92,678	577,930	-
Postal/freight	17,930	21,791	826	40,547	-
Communications	10,531	6,920	3,029	20,480	-
Office supplies and printing	4,022	4,420	4,783	13,225	-
Repairs and maintenance	47,263	156,419	50,181	253,863	-
Departmental supplies	349,677	221,595	-	571,272	-
Travel	18,636	24,661	576	43,873	-
Administrative costs	27,771	46,932	6,282	80,985	-
Other costs	1,406	4,153	14,617	20,176	-
Depreciation	244,137	1,243,561	268,581	1,756,279	-
Audit and legal expense	· <u>-</u>	-	2,500	2,500	-
Laundry and towel service	2,078	4,693	-	6,771	-
Consulting and collection	7,701	36,418	3,772	47,891	-
Rental	48,000	-	-	48,000	-
Insurance	· -	-	46,545	46,545	1,811,178
Housing assistance payments	-	-	97,590	97,590	-
Tenant service contract costs	-	-	1,235	1,235	-
Total operating expenses	5,019,336	3,229,402	955,057	9,203,795	1,811,178
Operating income (loss)	1,761,285	1,965,864	(623,564)	3,103,585	504,180
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
Taxes and special assessments	-	4,588,285	-	4,588,285	-
HUD PHA grants	-	-	571,531	571,531	-
Interest income	218,310	421,904	7,005	647,219	85,523
Other income	30,954	19,868	1,608	52,430	-
Loss on disposal of property				-	
and equipment	(478)	(796)	-	(1,274)	-
Interest expense	-	(239)	-	(239)	-
Capital asset contribution to JPWB	(1,570,591)	-	-	(1,570,591)	-
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(1,321,805)	5,029,022	580,144	4,287,361	85,523
Income (loss) before transfers	439,480	6,994,886	(43,420)	7,390,946	589,703
Capital contributions	-	634,168	-	634,168	-
Transfers in	496,745	-	179,481	676,226	-
Transfers out		(496,745)	(179,481)	(676,226)	<u> </u>
Change in net assets	936,225	7,132,309	(43,420)	8,025,114	589,703
Net assets, beginning	5,590,782	26,146,465	3,341,904	35,079,151	1,996,140
Net assets, ending	\$ 6,527,007	\$ 33,278,774	\$ 3,298,484	\$ 43,104,265	\$ 2,585,843

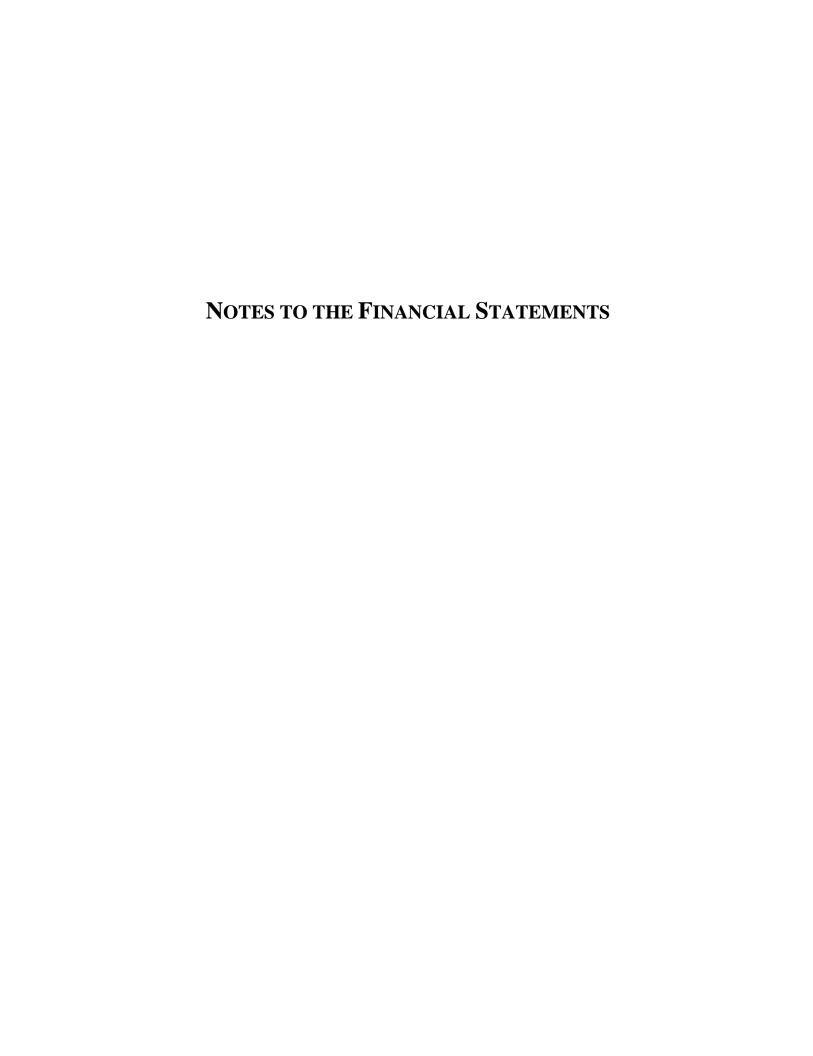
### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

For the Teal Ended Julie 30, 2000		Governmental Activities			
	Water	Enterpris Wastewater	Housing		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Authority	Total	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			-		
Receipts from external customers and users	\$ 6,306,797	\$ 5,028,265	\$ 330,936	\$ 11,665,998	\$ -
Receipts from internal customers and users	499,322	137,698	-	637,020	2,315,358
Payments to suppliers	(3,821,676)	(1,149,115)	(335,666)	(5,306,457)	(1,996,178)
Payments to employees	(821,151)	(1,111,631)	(383,108)	(2,315,890)	<u>-</u>
Net cash from operating activities	2,163,292	2,905,217	(387,838)	4,680,671	319,180
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Taxes and special assessments	-	4,375,310	-	4,375,310	-
Receipts from grants	-	-	573,139	573,139	-
Other	30,954	19,868	-	50,822	-
Net cash from noncapital					
financing activities	30,954	4,395,178	573,139	4,999,271	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Payment for JPWB assets	(974,994)	-	-	(974,994)	-
Proceeds from loans	1,276,953	940,421	-	2,217,374	-
Purchase of capital assets	(285,202)	(6,500,571)	-	(6,785,773)	-
Principal payment on loans	(126,207)	(565,014)	-	(691,221)	-
Interest paid on loans	-	(239)	-	(239)	-
Net cash from capital and					
related financing activities	(109,450)	(6,125,403)	-	(6,234,853)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest on investments	222,544	426,260	7,005	655,809	90,137
Net increase in cash and					
cash equivalents	2,307,340	1,601,252	192,306	4,100,898	409,317
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	6,965,421	13,337,301	238,287	20,541,009	2,452,513
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 9,272,761	\$ 14,938,553	\$ 430,593	\$ 24,641,907	\$ 2,861,830

Continued

### CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities		
	Water Fund		Wastewater		Housing			Internal Service	
				Fund		uthority	Total	Fund	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)									
to Net Cash from Operating Activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,761,285	\$	1,965,864	\$	(623,564)	\$ 3,103,585	\$	504,180
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)									
to net cash from operating activities:									
Depreciation		244,137		1,243,561		268,581	1,756,279		-
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Accounts receivable		29,531		(33,045)		2,441	(1,073)		-
Special assessment receivable		-		4,523		-	4,523		-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		3,446	3,446		-
Inventory		26,259		18,025		(216)	44,068		-
Accounts payable		87,832		(295,266)		601	(206,833)		(185,000)
Due to other funds		-		1,107		(17,179)	(16,072)		-
Customer deposits		19,461		3,672		1,708	24,841		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		(2,998)	(2,998)		-
Compensated absences accrued expenses		(5,213)		(3,224)		(20,658)	(29,095)		-
Net cash from operating activities	\$	2,163,292	\$	2,905,217	\$	(387,838)	\$ 4,680,671	\$	319,180
Schedule of noncash transactions:									
Capital assets transferred to JPWB	\$	-	\$	634,168	\$	-	\$ 634,168	\$	-
Capitalized interest		157,447		324,531		-	481,978		-
	\$	157,447	\$	958,699	\$	-	\$ 1,116,146	\$	



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The City of Rock Springs, Wyoming (the "City") is a municipal corporation incorporated October 1, 1888, and is governed by an elected mayor and an eight member council. The Mayor and Council members are each elected to serve a four-year term. The Mayor appoints all department heads, subject to approval by the Council. The department heads are under the direct supervision of the Mayor.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement No. 39*, entities over which the City has significant operational or financial relationships such as boards, commissions and authorities are considered component units. Component units are either discretely presented or blended. Discrete presentation entails reporting component unit financial data in columns separate from the financial data of the primary government (the City). Blended requires the component unit's balances and transactions be reported with the balances and transactions of the City.

The Rock Springs Housing Authority, an entity legally separated from the City, has been included as a blended component unit in these financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, the Rock Springs Housing Authority is reported as if it were part of the City's operation because its purpose is to provide low-income housing to citizens of the City. No separate individual component unit financial statements are available for the Rock Springs Housing Authority.

Government-wide and fund financial statements: The government-wide statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Sales taxes are recognized as revenue when the sale occurs. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. This fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

The government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* is established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources. The City's special revenue funds consist only of the Economic Development Loan Fund.

The *debt service fund* is established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on long-term special assessment debt with City commitment.

The government reports the follow major proprietary funds:

The water and wastewater funds account for the activities of the water and wastewater treatment facilities that the City operates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The housing authority funds account for the activities of the Rock Springs Housing Authority, a blended component unit of the government. The Authority provides 100 low-income units to the citizens of the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The *internal service fund* accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by the City to the City itself on a cost reimbursement basis. The City's employee insurance plan is accounted for as an internal service fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and internal service funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The water and wastewater funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements: Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. As a result, there are important differences between the assets, liabilities, revenues and expense/expenditures reported on the fund financial statements and governmental-wide financial statements. For example, many long-term assets and liabilities are excluded from the fund balance sheet but are included in the government-wide financial statements. As a result, there must be a reconciliation between the two statements to explain the differences. A reconciliation is included as part of the fund financial statements (see pages 15 and 17).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash consists of demand deposit accounts, money market accounts and petty cash. Investments are carried at fair value and consist primarily of certificates of deposit and United States Government agencies bonds.

<u>Receivables</u>: All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectable. Estimated unbilled revenues from the water fund are recognized at the end of each fiscal year on a pro rata basis. The estimated amount is based on billings during the month following the close of the fiscal year.

<u>Interfund transactions</u>: During the normal course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods, services, and for short-term interfund loans or transfers. As a general rule, the effect of the interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Loans are reported as receivables and payables and are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet of the governmental fund financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statements of net assets.

In general, interfund activity, including internal service fund transactions, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in an effort to minimize the doubling up of revenues and expenses resulting from such transactions.

<u>Restricted cash</u>: The restricted cash is money held in a separate account at the Joint Powers Water Board that can only be spent on maintenance and operation of the assets held by the Joint Powers Water Board.

<u>Capital assets and depreciation</u>: In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds include capital assets. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, e.g. roads, bridges, curbs, and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 for equipment, \$15,000 for land, buildings, improvements, and land improvements, and \$25,000 for infrastructure. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based on useful lives as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Building and improvements	30 years
Equipment and furnishings	2-15 years
Infrastructure	12-45 years

<u>Inventories of consumable supplies</u>: All inventories are carried at cost on the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of the governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when used. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that it does not constitute "available spendable resources."

Inventories of the proprietary fund types are not charged to operations until consumed by the individual enterprises.

<u>Cash reserve fund</u>: The City maintains a cash reserve in accordance with the Municipal Fiscal Procedures Act as prescribed by Wyoming State Statutes. The Act allows a cash reserve to be established and used in an emergency or an unusual situation that arises causing the need to exceed total appropriations. The cash reserve is included in the cash balance of the general fund and designated as a contingency reserve in the fund balance.

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Vacation leave and the portion of sick leave that will likely be paid are recognized as liabilities in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for unused accumulated vacation. Employees with less than five years of service receive 5% of their unused accumulated sick leave up to 1,440 hours. The percentage increases by 5% for each five year increment in service with a cap of 25% and 20 or more years of service. Firemen, who are eligible to collect disability pension payments, receive 25% of their unused accumulated sick leave up to 1,440 hours.

<u>Long-term obligations</u>: The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, accrued compensated absences, and bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and the payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Property taxes:</u> Property is annually valued and assessed on January 1. Taxes are levied on or about August 1 and payable in two installments on September 1 and March 1. Sweetwater County bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for all municipalities and political subdivisions within the County, including the City. If not paid, property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of May 11. Property tax receivables are recognized when the City has a legal claim to the taxes, which is on the initial date of assessment. Property tax revenues are recognized when collected during the current period or within 60 days of the fiscal year end and can be used to pay liabilities of the current period within the fund financial statements. The uncollected, measurable amounts due and those that will not be levied and may not be used until the subsequent fiscal year have been accrued as deferred revenues.

Property taxes receivable totaling \$1,432,456 assessed in fiscal year 2008 is reported on the fund financials and on the government-wide financial statements and is included in deferred revenue on both statements as these revenues can not be levied and may not be used until fiscal year 2009.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrances are recorded when purchase orders are issued or contracts are entered into for goods or services and are reflected as a reserved portion of the fund balance. Actual expenditures are recognized when the goods or services are received.

<u>Fund balance/net assets</u>: Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### Note 2. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments and restricted cash as of June 30, 2008, as classified in the accompanying financial statements, consist of the following:

### Statement of Net Assets:

	Primary
	Government
Deposits with financial institutions:	
Cash/Money Market Funds	\$ 25,623,425
Certificates of deposit	34,876,261
Investments:	
Federal Home Loan Bank	4,267,630
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	2,826,345
Federal Farm Credit Bank	398,376
FHLMC Step Coupon	539,374
Federal National Mtg Assn	969,234
FICO Strip Coupon	851,576
	\$ 70,352,221

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Investments authorized by the City's investment policy</u>: The City follows the guidelines set forth in Wyoming State Statute 9-4-831 as it relates to the investment of public funds. The City's investment policy requires investments to comply with State statutes, which generally allows the City to invest in U.S., state and local government securities and accounts of any bank and savings associations which are federally insured or secured by a pledge of assets including bonds, debentures and other securities in which the State Treasurer may by law invest. All investments made during the year were made within these statutory limits. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk or concentration of credit risk.

<u>Credit risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The credit risk for the City's other investments are presented as follows:

Category	Credit Rating		Market Value
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	\$ 4	4,267,630
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	AAA	\$ 2	2,826,345
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	\$	398,376
FHLMC Step Coupon	AAA	\$	539,374
Federal National Mtg Assn	AAA	\$	969,234
FICO Strip Coupon	AAA	\$	851,576

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits and certificates of deposit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Certain deposits held in City bank accounts are insured by Federal depository insurance or are collateralized with securities held by the custodian bank under safekeeping or Federal Reserve receipts in the name of the City and the financial institution. As of June 30, 2008, the primary government had bank balances on deposit and certificates of deposit, including accrued interest of \$60,535,071, which were fully collateralized or insured.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. As of June 30, 2008, all investment securities were held by the City's custodian and registered in the City's name.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u>: Because there is minimal credit risk associated with investments issued by the U.S. government agencies, which include all of the City's investments, no further disclosure regarding concentrations of credit risk is required.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. A majority of the bonds held in the City's investment portfolio have call structures allowing the issuer to call that bond at specific times during the life of the bond. These bonds are purchased because they add yield compared to buying a non-callable bond.

The City has chosen the segmented time distribution method for its Interest Rate Disclosure. Maturity assumptions have been made using a matrix analyzing interest rates versus final maturity dates of these callable securities. The maturity assumptions or average life of the City's securities are displayed in the Interest Rate Risk Table.

	Primary Government										
		Less Than									
	Market	5 Years									
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 4,267,630	\$ 814,495	\$ -	\$ 1,423,755	\$ 2,029,380						
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp	2,826,345	-	-	2,826,345	-						
Federal Farm Credit Bank	398,376	-	-	398,376	-						
FHLMC Step Coupon	539,374	-	-	539,374	-						
Federal National Mtg Assn	969,234	-	-	969,234	-						
FICO Strip Coupon	851,576	-	-	851,576	-						
	\$ 9,852,535	\$ 814,495	\$ -	\$ 7,008,660	\$ 2,029,380						

Highly sensitive securities: The City holds no investments that are classified as "highly sensitive."

Part of the City's payment to the Joint Powers Water Board has historically been placed in an account restricted for improvements to the City's portion of the Water System. The balance in this account, held by the Joint Powers Water Board, was \$818,576 at June 30, 2008. These funds are in the custody of and are collateralized through the Joint Powers Water Board, and are included in the accompanying financial statements as restricted cash.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 3. Receivables

Accounts receivable as of year end for the individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for doubtful accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activ						ities	S
	General Fund		Water Fund		Wastewater Fund		Housing Authority	
Accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	6,288 (623)	\$	901,102 (3,604)	\$	61,232 (467)	\$	4,124 (1,175)
	\$	5,665	\$	897,498	\$	60,765	\$	2,949

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are \$357,691 of special assessment receivables in the general fund. These receivables have an off-setting allowance in the amount of \$357,691 for a net realizable value of \$0 at June 30, 2008.

Franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The accounts receivable in the water fund is related to amounts owed by water customers.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 4. Capital Assets

The following two tables summarize the changes in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance			0	Balance
	June 30, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and art	\$ 4,697,010	\$ 198,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,895,289
Construction in progress	1,283,208	6,873,691	-	(828,683)	7,328,216
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	5,980,218	7,071,970	_	(828,683)	12,223,505
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	23,836,757	20,000	-	482,507	24,339,264
Land improvements	5,295,109	-	-	298,414	5,593,523
Furnishings and equipment	11,353,174	903,716	(620,937)	289,447	11,925,400
Infrastructure	60,808,580	3,502,152	-	47,762	64,358,494
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	101,293,620	4,425,868	(620,937)	1,118,130	106,216,681
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(18,156,263)	(816,223)	-	-	(18,972,486)
Land improvements	(3,834,422)	(193,124)	-	-	(4,027,546)
Furnishings and equipment	(8,131,938)	(857,740)	610,596	(289,447)	(8,668,529)
Infrastructure	(36,790,468)	(1,869,700)	-	-	(38,660,168)
Total accumulated depreciation	(66,913,091)	(3,736,787)	610,596	(289,447)	(70,328,729)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	34,380,529	689,081	(10,341)	828,683	35,887,952
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 40,360,747	\$ 7,761,051	\$ (10,341)	\$ -	\$ 48,111,457
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# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Balance June 30, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2008
Business-Type Activities:	Julic 30, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Transicis	June 30, 2008
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 288,136	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 288,136
Construction in progress	16,156,563	6,565,555	-	(16,347,231)	6,374,887
Total capital assets, not				( /	
being depreciated	16,444,699	6,565,555	-	(16,347,231)	6,663,023
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	21,693,608	-	-	13,612,291	35,305,899
Systems improvements	1,367,944	-	-	2,734,940	4,102,884
Furnishings and equipment	2,262,652	465,500	(15,070)	(289,447)	2,423,635
Land improvements	118,309	-	-	-	118,309
Infrastructure	9,835,743	634,168	-	-	10,469,911
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated	35,278,256	1,099,668	(15,070)	16,057,784	52,420,638
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(12,460,123)	(1,116,385)	-	-	(13,576,508)
Systems improvements	(705,361)	(190,191)	-	-	(895,552)
Furnishings and equipment	(1,820,536)	(161,204)	13,796	289,447	(1,678,497)
Land improvements	(32,821)	(7,887)	-	-	(40,708)
Infrastructure	(4,698,812)	(280,612)	-	-	(4,979,424)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,717,653)	(1,756,279)	13,796	289,447	(21,170,689)
Total conital agests being					
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	15,560,603	(656,611)	(1,274)	16,347,231	31,249,949
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 32,005,302	\$ 5,908,944	\$ (1,274)	\$ -	\$ 37,912,972

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

	Depreciation
	Expense
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 225,425
Public safety	409,869
Public works	2,198,928
Culture and recreation	902,565
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,736,787
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 244,137
Wastewater	1,243,561
Housing	268,581
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,756,279

### **Note 5.** Retirement Commitments

The City participates in the State of Wyoming Retirement System (System), a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Substantially all City full-time (excluding firemen and law enforcement) employees are eligible to participate in the System. Participants who retire at age 60 with four years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit according to predetermined formulas and are allowed to select one of five optional methods for receiving benefits. Early retirement is allowed provided the employee has completed four years of service and attained the age of 50, but will result in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to normal retirement age. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statutes. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Wyoming Retirement System, 6101 Yellowstone Road, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor West, Cheyenne, Wyoming 82009 or by calling (307) 777-7691.

Generally, individuals with creditable service prior to July 1, 1981, receive benefits based on the larger of a money purchase benefit structure or a formula basis. The formula consists of multiplying the number of years of service by 2.215% for the members first 15 years of service and 2.25% for all years after 15 by the final average salary. The final average salary consists of the three highest continuous years of service.

Benefits for individuals hired after July 1, 1981, are calculated only by the formula method.

The System also provides disability retirement to any employee who becomes permanently incapacitated, mentally or physically, and who cannot continue in the performance of his duties. Benefits are established by State statute.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Contributions to the System consist of an amount equal to 11.25% of the employee's salary. The City is required by State statute to contribute 5.68% of the amount and, as permitted by statute, also contributes the employee's 5.57%.

The City's contribution to the Wyoming Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$796,346, \$731,374, and \$670,495, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

<u>Firemen's pension</u>: The City also participates in the State of Wyoming Paid Firemen's Pension, a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

All paid City firemen are eligible to participate in the system. The Paid Firemen's Pension Fund is a defined-benefit contributory retirement plan covering paid firemen who elect to participate. Participants and employers contribute specified percentages of participants' salaries. The plan provides retirement disability and death benefits according to predetermined amounts primarily determined by years of services and average salaries. Participants may withdraw from the plan at any time and re-receive funds of participant contributions without interest.

Contributions to the system consist of an amount equal to 18% of the employee's salary. The City is required by a collective bargaining agreement to contribute 100% of the amount.

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$392,667, \$363,875, and \$345,738 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

<u>Law enforcement pension</u>: The City began participating in the State of Wyoming Law Enforcement Pension on July 1, 2003, a statewide cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

All full-time City law enforcement employees are eligible to participate in the system. The Law Enforcement Pension is a defined-benefit contributory retirement plan covering specific law enforcement positions within the City. Participants and employers contribute specified percentages of participants' salaries. The plan provides retirement disability and death benefits according to predetermined amounts primarily determined by years of services and average salaries. Contributions may be withdrawn from the plan upon termination or upon meeting certain eligibility requirements.

Contributions to the System consist of an amount equal to 17.2% of the employee's salary. The City contributes 100% of the amount.

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was \$593,712, \$546,460, and \$529,308, respectively.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 6. Joint Ventures

<u>Joint Water Board Agreement</u>: Under certain provisions of Wyoming State Statutes, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Green River and Sweetwater County to form a Joint Powers Board for the purchase, financing, rehabilitation, and operation of a water supply distribution system for domestic and other uses servicing Rock Springs, Wyoming; Green River, Wyoming; and other areas in Sweetwater County, Wyoming.

The Board consists of five members: two members from Rock Springs, two members from Green River, and one member from Sweetwater County.

The participating cities are responsible for the maintenance, operation, staffing, rate setting, and billing for each distribution system as well as construction of storage facilities. The cities lease these facilities from the Board on a year-to-year basis subject to annual appropriations by the cities. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City paid \$3,264,173 to purchase water from the Board. The City is also required to transfer all capital assets associated with water projects to the Board. During the year ended June 30, 2008, capital assets with a cost of \$1,570,591 were transferred.

The financial transactions of the Board are not included in these financial statements. However, complete financial statements of the Joint Powers Water Board may be obtained from their administrative office in Green River, Wyoming.

<u>Joint Telecommunications Board Agreement</u>: Under certain provisions of Wyoming State Statutes, the City entered into an agreement with the City of Green River to form the Joint Telecommunication Powers Board (JTPB) to plan, create, construct, expand, finance and operate a fiber optic telecommunication system servicing Rock Springs, Wyoming; Green River, Wyoming; and other areas in Sweetwater County, Wyoming.

The JTPB consists of six members: three members from Rock Springs and three members from Green River. The participating cities have agreed to fund the creation of a fiber optic telecommunication system and to reimburse the Board for internet bandwidth costs. In fiscal year 2008, the City paid the JPTB \$5,333 for internet bandwidth.

The financial transactions of the JTPB are not included in these financial statements. However, additional financial information of the JTPB may be obtained by contacting the Board Treasurer, Matt McBurnett, at the City of Rock Springs, 212 D Street, Rock Springs, WY 82901.

Sweetwater County Improvement Projects Joint Powers Board Agreement: Under certain provisions of Wyoming State Statutes, the City entered into a joint powers agreement with Sweetwater County and the Cities of Green River, Bairoil, Granger, Superior, and Wamsutter to form the Sweetwater County Improvement Projects Joint Powers Board to finance construction of infrastructure of the participating cities in Sweetwater County using 1% specific purpose sales and use tax proceeds.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board consists of seven members: one member from Sweetwater County and one member from each of the six participating cities. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City recorded 1% specific purpose sales and use tax revenues of \$4,755,773 to finance various sewer and streets infrastructure projects.

The financial transactions of the Board are not included in these financial statements. However, additional financial information of the Board may be obtained by contacting the Rock Springs Board Member, Carl R. Demshar, Jr., at the City of Rock Springs, 212 D Street, Rock Springs, WY 82901.

# **Note 7.** Contingencies and Commitments

At various times, claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. The City is of the opinion that the liability, if any, arising from such claims will not have a materially adverse effect on its financial statements. Under the terms of Federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, would not be significant to the City's financial statements.

<u>Risk of loss</u>: The City and Housing Authority are subject to risk of loss from various events, including torts, theft, damage to assets, business interruption, errors and omissions, and job-related injuries to employees, as well as acts of God.

The City and Housing Authority have purchased commercial insurance and workers' compensation coverage to minimize their risks of loss. There has been no significant reduction in coverage against these losses from year to year.

Employees of the City are covered by the City's medical self-insurance plan. The City's costs for this plan are reflected in the funds paying the coverage, premiums and administrative costs. The self-insurance fund is reported as an internal service fund in the accompanying financial statements. The City has a contract with a third-party administrator to process payments. The City also maintains a stop-loss policy to limit the potential for individual and aggregate claims. Management has estimated an accrual for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims at June 30, 2008 of \$280,000. Changes in the IBNR from fiscal years 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	At Fiscal Year-End Liability	Estimated Claims Incurred	Claim Payments	At Fiscal Year-End Liability
Fiscal Year 2006-2007	\$ 380,000	\$ 2,508,792	\$(2,423,792)	\$ 465,000
Fiscal Year 2007-2008	\$ 465,000	\$ 1,811,178	\$(1,996,178)	\$ 280,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At June 30, 2008, the City was obligated for construction and other contracts as follows:

	Contract		
	Price	Paid to Date	Balance
Fund:			
General fund	\$ 22,926,766	\$ 7,637,948	\$ 15,288,818
Water fund	1,313,068	1,043,860	269,208
Sewer fund	25,789,375	18,950,856	6,838,519
	\$ 50,029,209	\$ 27,632,664	\$ 22,396,545

# Note 8. Due to State of Wyoming

The wastewater fund has four outstanding loans with the Wyoming State Loan and Investment Board.

The Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion Project loan (original loan \$11,000,000, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$705,618. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$10,569,382. The loan is secured by the pledge of the City's rights, title, and interest in and to the revenues received from the water system user fees.

The *Headworks Project* loan (original loan \$1,092,200, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$93,423. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$744,662. The loan is secured by the pledge of the City's rights, title, and interest in and to revenues received in the operations of the Wastewater Fund.

The Sunset Sewer loan (original loan \$500,000, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$32,074. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$439,799. The loan is secured by the pledge of the City's rights, title, and interest in and to revenues received in the operations of the Wastewater Fund.

The *Clark Addition* loan (original loan \$993,198, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$63,711. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$873,615. The loan is secured by the pledge of the City's rights, title, and interest in and to revenues received in the operations of the Wastewater Fund.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Total	Principal	Interest
Year ending June 30,			
2009	\$ 894,826	5 \$ 579,139	\$ 315,687
2010	894,826	593,618	301,208
2011	894,826	608,458	286,368
2012	894,826	623,670	271,156
2013	894,826	639,261	255,565
2014 - 2018	4,380,705	3,350,749	1,029,956
2019 - 2023	4,007,013	3,393,426	613,587
2024 - 2028	3,014,042	2,839,137	174,905
	\$ 15,875,890	\$ 12,627,458	\$ 3,248,432

The City has entered into agreements with the Wyoming State Loan and Investment Board and Wyoming Water Development Commission through the Joint Powers Water Board (except for the *Water Meter Replacement* loan, which runs directly through the City) to provide funding for improvements to the water system. The City has agreed to reimburse the Joint Powers Board for all required payments on the notes (except for the *Water Meter Replacement* loan).

The *Water Meter Replacement* loan (original loan \$2,449,830, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$157,150. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$2,449,830. The loan is secured by the pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's Water Fund.

The *Lower Edgar* loan (original loan \$1,738,481, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$116,062. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$1,437,008. The loan is secured by the pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's Water Fund.

The *Clark Addition* loan (original loan \$1,000,000, interest at 2.5%) requires annual principal and interest payments of \$64,147. The loan balance as of June 30, 2008 was \$879,598. The loan is secured by the pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's Water Fund.

The Westside I and II loans (original loan \$480,195, interest at 7.25%) require annual principal and interest payments of \$39,674. The loan balances as of June 30, 2008 were \$445,215. The loan is secured by the pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's Water Fund.

The *Gobel/O'Donnell Water Line* loan (interest at 2.5%) was initiated during 2008 in the amount of \$1,500,000. Advances on loan as of June 30, 2008 were \$1,028,940. The first payment is due one year after the project completion date. Principal and interest payments due annually are estimated at \$66,003 based on loan advances at June 30, 2008. Principal and interest payments are estimated at \$96,221 when all loan advances have occurred. The loan is secured by the pledge and assignment of revenues from the City's Water Fund.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Total	Principal		Interest
Year ending June 30,				
2009	\$ 477,327	\$	265,874	\$ 211,453
2010	443,036		272,871	170,165
2011	443,036		280,070	162,966
2012	443,036		287,476	155,560
2013	443,036		295,096	147,940
2014-2018	2,215,179		1,597,833	617,346
2019-2023	2,215,179		1,825,245	389,934
2024-2028	1,442,428		1,282,498	159,930
2029-2032	157,916		133,628	24,288
	\$ 8,280,173	\$	6,240,591	\$ 2,039,582

# Note 9. Long-Term Obligations

A summary of the City's long-term obligations is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2007 Additions Reductions													Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:														
Compensated absences	\$	1,709,494	\$	1,636,071	\$	(1,450,031)	\$	1,895,534	\$	1,322,769				
Total governmental long-														
term obligations		1,709,494		1,636,071		(1,450,031)		1,895,534		1,322,769				
Business Type Activities:														
Wastewater fund - due to other														
governmental entities		12,252,051		940,421		(565,014)		12,627,458		579,139				
Water fund - due to other														
governmental entities		2,201,818		248,012		-		2,449,830		95,904				
Water-JPWB Loan		2,888,027		1,028,941		(126,207)		3,790,761		169,970				
Compensated absences		227,092		193,163		(222,258)		197,997		139,085				
Total business-type long-														
term obligations		17,568,988		2,410,537		(913,479)		19,066,046		984,098				
Total long-term obligation	\$	19,278,482	\$	4,046,608	\$	(2,363,510)	\$	20,961,580	\$	2,306,867				

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 10. Reserves and Designations

Reserves, as described in Note 1, have been established as follows:

	Go	overnmental Fund
		General
		Fund
Reserved for inventories	\$	486,589
Reserved for encumbrances		13,968,993
Reserved for prepaid expenses		12,250
	\$ 1	14,467,832

Designations, as described in Note 1, have been established as follows:

	Governmental					
	Fund		Busin			
	General	Water	7	Wastewater	Но	ousing
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Au	thority
Contingency reserve	\$ 6,302,789	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Capital replacement	3,565,807	1,440,000		7,057,240		-
Cash carryover	14,830,664	2,547,009		2,881,302		-
Compensated absences	1,012,750	-		-		-
	\$ 25,712,010	\$ 3,987,009	\$	9,938,542	\$	_

# Note 11. Litigation

The City has multiple claims and pending legal proceedings that generally involve the operations of the City. These proceedings are, in the opinion of management, ordinary routine matters incidental to the normal business conducted by the City. In the opinion of management and the City legal counsel, such proceedings are substantially covered by insurance, and the ultimate disposition of such proceedings are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION The City's required supplementary information includes the budgetary comparison – general fund as described in the accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information following the schedules.

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	d Am	nounts		Variance with	
	Original		Final	Actual	Final Bu	udget
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 1,200,000	\$	1,437,300	\$ 1,916,204	\$ 47	78,904
Occupation tax	55,000		55,000	55,237		237
Franchise tax	540,000		540,000	641,314	10	01,314
Sales and use tax	21,574,500		21,901,362	24,087,523	2,18	86,161
Cigarette tax	200,000		200,000	230,105	;	30,105
Wholesale gas tax	290,000		290,000	398,285	10	08,285
Mineral severance tax	792,867		792,867	852,138		59,271
Special fuels tax	102,500		102,500	144,962	4	42,462
	 24,754,867		25,319,029	28,325,768	3,00	06,739
Licenses and permits:						
Liquor licenses	46,450		46,450	59,011		12,561
Malt beverage and catering	750		750	4,800		4,050
Building fess and permits	450,000		450,000	1,023,493	5	73,493
Animal licenses	9,000		9,000	15,506		6,506
Contractor licenses	45,000		45,000	63,975		18,975
Road impact fees	20,000		20,000	39,011		19,011
·	 571,200		571,200	1,205,796	60	34,596
Inter-governmental revenue:						
Mineral royalties	847,546		847,546	847,343		(203)
Federal, state, and county grants	6,182,757		11,711,627	2,864,882	(8,8	46,745
Supplemental local government funding	2,011,489		2,011,489	2,011,257	, ,	(232)
	 9,041,792		14,570,662	5,723,482	(8,8	47,180)
Charges for services:						
Golf course	600,000		600,000	571,886	(2	28,114
Civic center	135,000		135,000	162,721		27,721
Indoor recreation	378,500		378,500	430,200	į.	51,700
Field usage fees	3,000		3,000	7,580		4,580
Rents and concessions	18,000		18,000	26,703		8,703
Cemetery fees	12,000		12,000	22,675		10,675
Inter-fund administrative charges	107,500		107,500	123,159		15,659
Special police and fire services	2,000		2,000	17,215		15,215
Advertising fees	2,100		2,100	2,300		200
	1,258,100		1,258,100	1,364,439	10	06,339

Continued

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted	d Am	ounts			Variance with	
	•	Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Fines and forfeitures:								
Municipal court fees and parking fines	\$	450.500	\$	450.500	\$	468.747	\$	18,247
Animal fines	,	10,000	•	10,000	•	22,093	Ť	12,093
		460,500		460,500		490,840		30,340
Miscellaneous:								
Animal adoption		3,500		3,500		8,390		4,890
Sale of cemetery lots		10,000		10,000		19,375		9,375
Maps, publications, and copies		2,500		2,500		5,770		3,270
Sale of materials or supplies		248,600		248,600		281,668		33,068
Sale of property		-		-		17,866		17,866
Blue Cross Blue Shield		295,000		295,000		307,849		12,849
Miscellaneous reimbursements		9,000		9,000		32,329		23,329
Refund of overpayments and insurance reimbursement		5,500		5,500		24,256		18,756
Contributions and donations		600		209,955		221,812		11,857
Sundry revenues		1,200		22,527		49,568		27,041
		575,900		806,582		968,883		162,301
Other income:								
Interest		257,700		737,700		1,639,067		901,367
Transfers		-		1,060,000		1,046,971		(13,029)
		257,700		1,797,700		2,686,038		888,338
Total revenues		36,920,059		44,783,773		40,765,246		(4,018,527)

Continued

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (continued) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Variance with	
	 Original		Final	•	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures							
General government:							
Legislative	\$ 521,924	\$	445,101	\$	270,391	\$	174,710
Judicial	554,751		554,751		430,434		124,317
Finance, administration	845,454		997,754		919,463		78,291
Municipal court	359,001		359,001		272,572		86,429
Data processing	654,601		1,109,601		445,523		664,078
City buildings	 2,341,351		2,341,351		768,197		1,573,154
	5,277,082		5,807,559		3,106,580		2,700,979
Public safety:							
Police department	6,476,425		6,512,151		6,344,941		167,210
Animal control	583,651		583,651		278,011		305,640
Emergency management	175,880		175,880		104,845		71,035
Fire department	4,512,240		4,586,305		4,370,576		215,729
T. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	11,748,196		11,857,987		11,098,373		759,614
Public works:							
Public works administration, engineering	1,289,451		1,630,191		544,897		1,085,294
Planning and inspection	798,602		798,602		733,403		65,199
Street department	12,586,645		15,284,057		6,493,513		8,790,544
Vehicle maintenance	477,952		501,102		455,039		46,063
Cemetery	677,251		701,606		494,563		207,043
cocia.,	15,829,901		18,915,558		8,721,415		10,194,143
Culture and recreation:							
Parks and recreation	4,771,366		5,078,229		4,632,395		445,834
Golf course	6,875,302		7,186,823		6,625,951		560,872
Recreation	427,951		427,951		391,825		36,126
Civic center	1,015,592		1,080,422		972,450		107,972
Historical museum	215,691		217,876		193,563		24,313
Indoor recreation	2,886,384		2,895,874		2,619,786		276,088
	16,192,286		16,887,175		15,435,970		1,451,205
Nondepartmental	3,724,922		10,803,435		10,311,854		491,581
Transfers	-		60,000		60,000		-
Transiers	 3,724,922		10,863,435		10,371,854		491,581
Total expenditures	 52,772,387		64,331,714		48,734,192		15,597,522
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (15,852,328)	\$	(19,547,941)	\$	(7,968,946)	\$	11,578,995

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

### Note 1. Budgets

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget with actual data. The City prepares its budget on a modified accrual basis, as is used to prepare the governmental fund financial statements adjusted to include encumbrances and transfers within the general fund. The revenues and expenditures shown below are presented on a similar basis. All budget amendments are approved by the City Council and are presented within the final budget figures.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

Wyoming State Statutes require the preparation of an annual budget which provides documentation that all sources and uses of City resources are properly planned, budgeted, and approved. The budget, upon adoption, is the legal document which places restrictions and limitations on the purposes and amounts for which City monies may be expended.

The budget is adopted according to the following schedule:

- 1. On or before May 15, the Budget Officer shall prepare a tentative budget for each fund and file the budget with the governing body.
- 2. A summary of the tentative budget shall be entered into the minutes and the governing body shall publish the summary at least one week before the public hearing to adopt the budget.
- 3. The public hearing is held on the third Tuesday in June.
- 4. A copy of the adopted budget shall be furnished to the County Commissioners for the necessary property tax levies and placed on file for public inspection.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

# Note 2. Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Basis and GAAP Basis

Revenues	General Fund
Actual Amounts (budgetary basis) from the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (budgetary basis) and actual	\$ 40,765,246
Differences - Budget Basis to GAAP Transfers to the reserves fund within the General Fund	(1,046,971)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 39,718,275
Expenditures	
Actual Amounts (budgetary basis) from the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget (budgetary basis) and actual	\$ 48,734,192
Transfers to the reserves fund within the General Fund	(1,046,971)
Differences - Encumbrances included on the budgetary basis, not included in GAAP based expenditures	(13,968,993)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 33,718,228

# OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City's non-major governmental funds are described below:

Economic development loan fund – used to account for economic development loans.

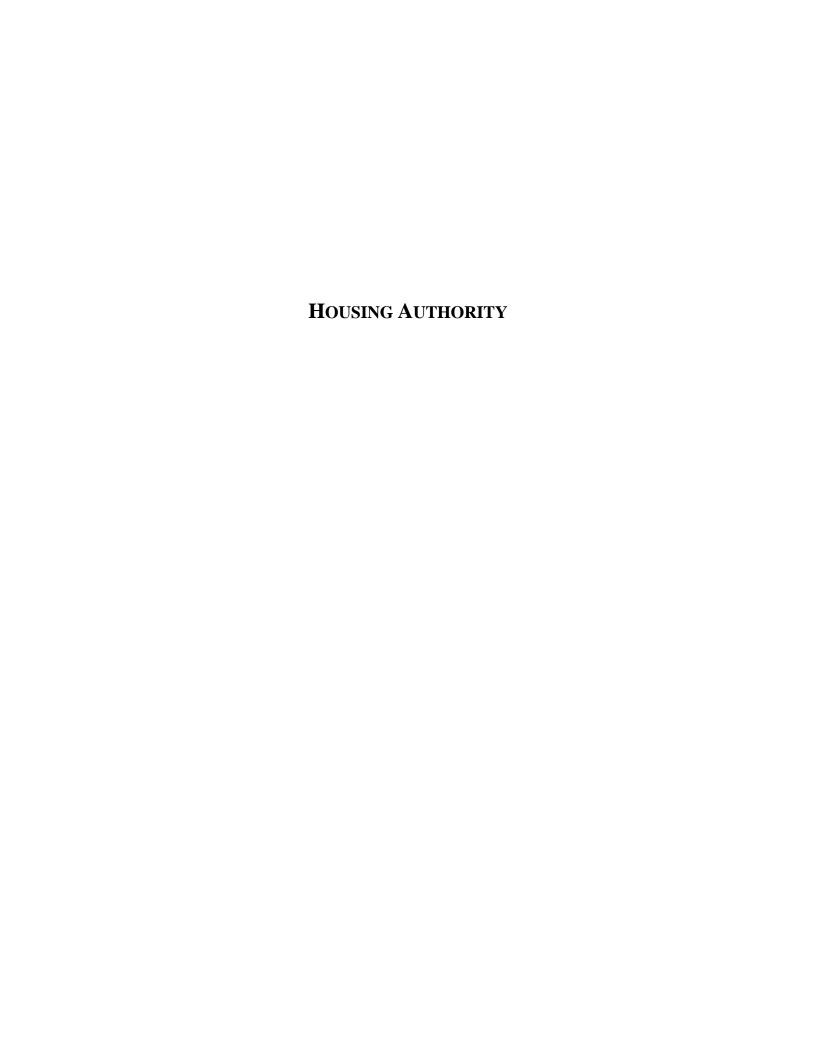
*Debt service fund* - established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on long-term special assessment debt.

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

	Reven Ecol Devel	ecial ue Fund nomic opment n Fund	Del	bt Service Fund		Total
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	88,926	\$	84,958	\$	173,884
Special assessments receivable		-	Φ.	10,476	Φ.	10,476
Total assets	\$	88,926	\$	95,434	\$	184,360
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Deferred revenue	\$	-	\$	10,476	\$	10,476
Total liabilities		-		10,476		10,476
Fund balance: Unreserved, undesignated		88,926		84,958		173,884
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	88,926	\$	95,434	\$	184,360

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Reve Eco Deve	pecial nue Fund onomic elopment an Fund	 ot Service Funds	Total
Revenues				
Taxes and special assessments	\$	-	\$ 2,358	\$ 2,358
Interest		20	1,100	1,120
Total revenues		20	3,458	3,478
Net change in fund balance		20	3,458	3,478
Fund balances, beginning		88,906	81,500	170,406
Fund balances, ending	\$	88,926	\$ 84,958	\$ 173,884



# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS HOUSING AUTHORITY June 30, 2008

ASSETS	Public Housing	Section 8 Vouchers	Supportive Housing	Total	
	Housing	Vouchers	поизіну	1 Olai	
Current assets:  Cash and investments	\$ 396,761	\$ 30.241	\$ 3,591	¢ 420 502	
	\$ 390,761	\$ 30,241	\$ 3,591	\$ 430,593	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,735		1,214	2,949	
Inventories	1,733	-	1,214	2,949 1,732	
Prepaid expenses	25,936	-	-	25,936	
Total current assets		20 244	4 90F		
Total current assets	426,164	30,241	4,805	461,210	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,920,093	-	-	2,920,093	
Total assets	3,346,257	30,241	4,805	3,381,303	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	24,114	-	31	24,145	
Customer and security deposits	29,760	-	-	29,760	
Compensated absences	21,037	-	-	21,037	
Due to (from) other funds	(8,565)	11,065	-	2,500	
Deferred revenue	2,521	-	-	2,521	
Total current liabilities  Noncurrent liabilities:	68,867	11,065	31	79,963	
Compensated absences	2,856	-	-	2,856	
Total liabilities	71,723	11,065	31	82,819	
NET ASSETS				_	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,920,093	-	-	2,920,093	
Restricted	354,441	19,176	4,774	378,391	
Total net assets	\$3,274,534	\$ 19,176	\$ 4,774	\$3,298,484	

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS HOUSING AUTHORITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Operating revenues:	Public Housing	Section 8 Vouchers	Supportive Housing	Capital Fund	Total
Tenant rental revenue	\$ 317,063	\$ -	\$ 246	\$ -	\$ 317,309
Other tenant revenue	14,184	-	-	-	14,184
Total operating revenue	331,247	-	246	-	331,493
Operating expenses:					
Personnel	351,297	10,565	_	_	361,862
Utilities	92,678	-	_	_	92,678
Postal/freight	826	_	_	_	826
Communications	3,029	-	-	-	3,029
Office supplies and printing	4,783	_	_	_	4,783
Repairs and maintenance	50,181	_	_	_	50,181
Travel	576	_	_	_	576
Administrative costs	2,975	(18)	-	3,325	6,282
Other costs	14,617	-	_	-	14,617
Depreciation	268,581	_	_	_	268,581
Audit and legal expense	2,000	500	_	_	2,500
Consulting and collection	3,772	-	-	-	3,772
Insurance	46,545	-	-	-	46,545
Housing assistance payments	-	95,619	1,971	_	97,590
Tenant service contract costs	1,235	-	-	-	1,235
Total operating expenses	843,095	106,666	1,971	3,325	955,057
Operating (loss)	(511,848)		(1,725)	(3,325)	(623,564)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):					
HUD PHA grants	269,575	119,150	_	182,806	571,531
Interest income	6,697	308	_	-	7,005
Other income (expense)	-	2,060	(452)	_	1,608
Total nonoperating revenue	276,272	121,518	(452)	182,806	580,144
. com none promise contract		1=1,010	(10-)	10=,000	
Income (loss) before transfers	(235,576)	14,852	(2,177)	179,481	(43,420)
Transfers in	179,481	-	-	-	179,481
Transfers out	-	_	-	(179,481)	(179,481)
Change in net assets	(56,095)	14,852	(2,177)	-	(43,420)
Net assets, beginning	3,330,629	4,324	6,951	-	3,341,904
Net assets, ending	\$ 3,274,534	\$ 19,176	\$ 4,774	\$ -	\$ 3,298,484

# CITY OF ROCK SPRINGS, WYOMING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Federal CFDA	
	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	\$ 269,575
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	119,150
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	182,806
Passed through the Wyoming Business Council:		
Community Development Block Grants/State's program	14.228	42,761
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		614,292
U.S. Department of Transportation		
Passed through the Wyoming Department of Transportation:		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	10,254
Alcohol Traffic Safety & Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive	20.601	6,642
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	53,194
Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.200	70,090
Total Clor Bopartmont of Transportation		7 0,000
Environmental Protection Agency - Clean Water Act		
Passed through the Wyoming State Loan and Investment Board:		
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving		
Funds - Water Meter Replacement/Auto Read	66.468	111,769
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds -		
WWTP Expansion Project Loan	66.458	283,821
Total Environmental Protection Agency - Clean Water Act		395,590
LLS Department of Hamaland Sequeity, including Emergency Proporados	20	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security, including Emergency Preparedness	55	
and Response Directorate [FEMA] Federal Assistance to Firefighters	97.044	48,943
Passed through the Wyoming Office of Homeland Security:	97.044	40,943
Law Enforcement Terrorism Prevention Program	97.074	62,721
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	63,526
State Homeland Security Program - Regional Emergency	97.007	03,320
Response Team	97.073	26,919
Passed through the Airport Board:	91.013	20,919
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	70,522
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	37.030	272,631
Total 0.3. Department of Homeland Security		272,031
National Park Service		
Passed through the State of Wyoming		
Department of State Parks and Cultural Resources,		
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	2,718
Total Federal awards expended		\$ 1,355,321
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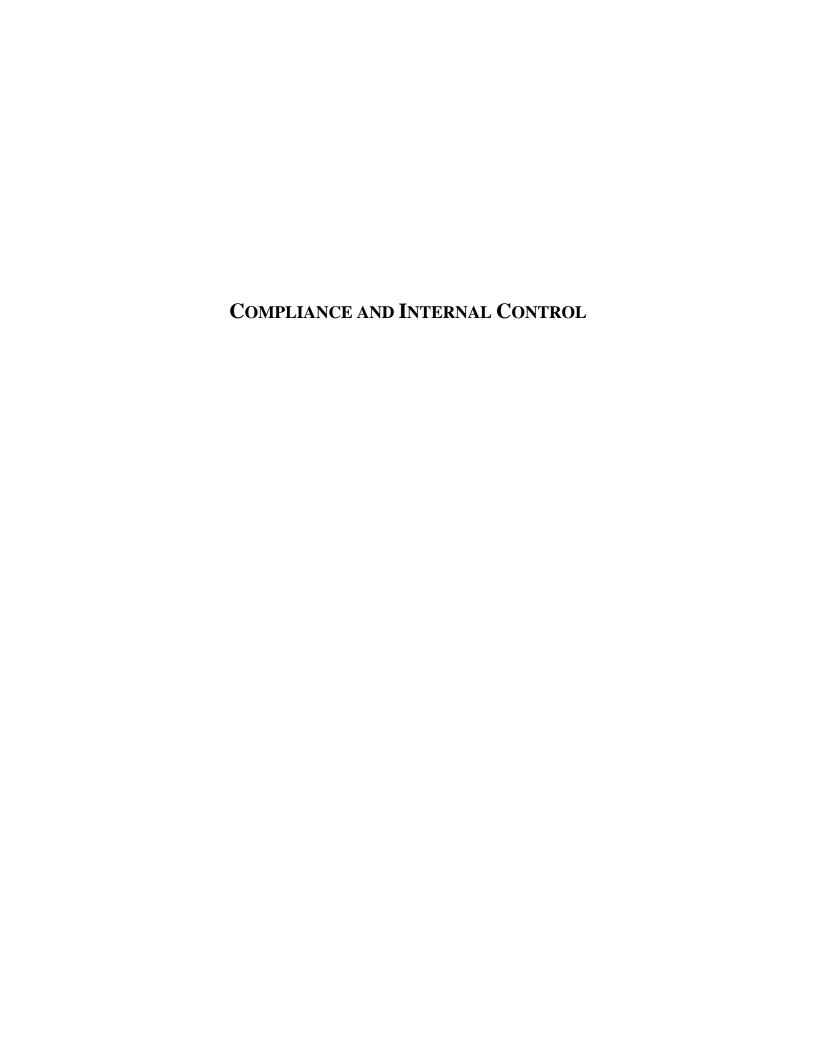
# NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

# **Significant Accounting Policies**

The following information regarding the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards is provided to assist the reader in understanding the accounting policies regarding, and the nature of, the Federal awards.

<u>Basis of accounting</u>: The schedule of expenditures of Federal awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, the same basis used by the City in its governmental fund financial reporting. Receivables are recorded when appropriate program expenditures are made and the City has a claim for reimbursement.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from their presentation in the financial statements.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rock Springs Rock Springs, Wyoming

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Rock Springs (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detect by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, management, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Cheyenne, Wyoming October 21, 2008

Mc Bee, Thearne & Paix, LSP

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Rock Springs Rock Springs, Wyoming

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Rock Springs (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

# Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a Federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, management, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Cheyenne, Wyoming October 21, 2008

Mc See, Thearne & Paix, LLP

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2008

# I. SUMMARY OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

ben	MARKET OF INDEFERRED IN THE DITTOR OF	LDCLID		
A.	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified			
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	<ul><li>Material weaknesses identified?</li><li>Significant deficiencies identified that are</li></ul>			
	not considered to be material weaknesses	?Yes	X None	e reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo	
B.	Federal Awards			
	Internal control over major programs:			
	• Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	XNo	
	<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses</li> </ul>		X None	e reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	for major programs	s: Unqualified	
	Any audit findings disclosed that are			
	required to be reported in accordance			
	with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	Yes	XNo	
	Identification of major programs:			
	<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Progr</u>	am or Cluster Ex	<u>xpenditures</u>	
	Capitalization Grants fo 66.458 State Revolving Fund Capitalization Grants fo	ls	\$283,821	
	66.468 Water State Revolving I		\$111,769	
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	een		
	Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No	

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2008

# II. FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

None

**B.** Compliance Findings

None

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

# **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008**

There were no Federal audit findings in the prior year.